

Flitch Green Community Hall Financial Policy & Procedures

Our hiring policy is one of low hire charges and high utilisation, as this maximises the affordability of the Hall to the community, encourages diversity and reduces dependence on a small number of large users. Flitch Green Community Hall has about 15 regular user groups and there are about 6 ad hoc bookings per month. Annual income is in excess of £25,000 and normal operational expenditure is about 70% of income. The remaining 30% of income is routinely spent on projects to refurbish and improve the hall's facilities for the benefit of the user community, with from time to time additional financial support from grant funding.

The size of the accounting task is characterised by the following approximate numbers of transactions per annum: 250 invoices, 250 cash or cheque receipts and 130 cash or bank transfer/debit card payments.

The policy is to provide an appropriate framework for managing the charity's finances that provides transparent, fit for purpose controls over all income and expenditure transactions and cash management, and which provides the trustees with assurance that all the financial transactions of the charity are being properly accounted for, and ensures that they are fully conversant at all times with the charity's financial position.

Managing and Accounting for Income

The on-line bookings calendar carries all hall bookings and so provides the principal control and audit trail that ensures that all hire charges are collected.

Ad hoc bookings for such events as children's parties are managed by the booking secretary, who collects the hire charges at the time of the event and delivers the monies to the treasurer. Regular bookings are normally invoiced 1 to 3 months in advance using the on-line calendar as the source of information. Invoices are issued through Quickbooks online and emailed to the end user, reminders for unpaid invoices and receipts for paid invoices are also emailed

All income transactions are entered into the bookkeeping package as they occur. Cash and cheque receipts are banked regularly.

An "outstanding invoice" facility in the bookkeeping software provides adequate credit management control.

Managing and Accounting for Expenditure

Utilities are paid for by direct debit. Expenses for trustees are paid by bank transfer on production of the relevant receipts. All other payments for goods and services are paid by bank transfers which are created by the treasurer and authorised online by a second signatorie

All expenditure transactions are entered into the bookkeeping package as they occur.

Bank Reconciliations

Monthly reconciliations with the bank account provide the principal method of maintaining a tight, transparent control over FGCI cash.

Monthly account report posted in the dropbox folder along with all bank statements

Budgetary Control

A budget is produced annually before the start of the financial year and approved by the Board. Budgeted income is derived from known regular bookings for the remainder of the calendar year plus an estimate for the last 4 months. Budgeted expenditure is based on previous year's expenditure patterns, known or predicted price increases (eg. utilities) and projected project expenditure.

Reporting to the Board & Annual General Meeting

A report of year to date income and expenditure is presented to the trustees each quarter. In the event of any significant variance from budget the trustees decide what if any remedial action can be taken to ensure a satisfactory year end outcome.

An annual financial report is presented to the AGM, principally comparing current to previous years' income and expenditure.

Long Term Financial Planning

A 10 year financial plan is updated from time to time but not more than every two years. This plan is built up from forecasted income and ongoing expenses and known improvement projects that the trustees have prioritised.

The long term financial plan provides the principal means of determining if and when hire charges need to be increased as it provides both a short and long term view of the consequences of such decisions. At the same time the plan enables the trustees to assess whether the desired level of financial reserves can be maintained over the medium to long term, and which projects may require grant funding.

Financial Reserves

The trustees' policy on financial reserves is set out in a separate document. This sets out the reasons why the trustees wish to maintain reserves at a particular level and determines what this level should be. It documents the steps that are taken to establish and maintain the reserves at the agreed level and finally the arrangements for monitoring and reviewing the policy.

Statutory Reporting

An Annual Return, Annual Report & Accounts are provided to the Charity Commission in accordance with their current requirements and in adherence to the relevant SORP for small charities with income in excess of £25,000. The annual accounts are independently examined as required by an examiner known to the trustees and with appropriate qualifications and experience.

Acquisition of Goods and Services

The trustees' policy on the acquisition of goods and services is set out in a separate document. This sets out the means by which the trustees seek to ensure value for money and acceptable levels of quality.

The Appointment of Treasurer

The Fritch Green Community Village Hall treasurer must have adequate experience of club/society treasury functions, but a formal accounting qualification is not a necessity. Experience of drafting successful applications for grant funding or bank loans is useful. The level of computer literacy must be such that the treasurer can take on the operation of the chosen book keeping software and be competent in the development and use of spreadsheets. The treasurer must also have the ability to interpret and present the accounting information in order to communicate the charity's financial position to fellow trustees.